

## TODAY'S AGENDA: May 21- June 5

- Work on Khan Academy Mission:
- Whole Class Lessons
- Today's Objective:
- Equations of Circles
- Standards:
- G.GPE. A.1:
- 1a. Derive the equation of a circle of given center and radius using the Pythagorean Theorem.
- Find the center and radius of a circle, given the equation of the circle.
- 1b. Graph circles given their equation.

## Features of a Circle From its Standard Equation

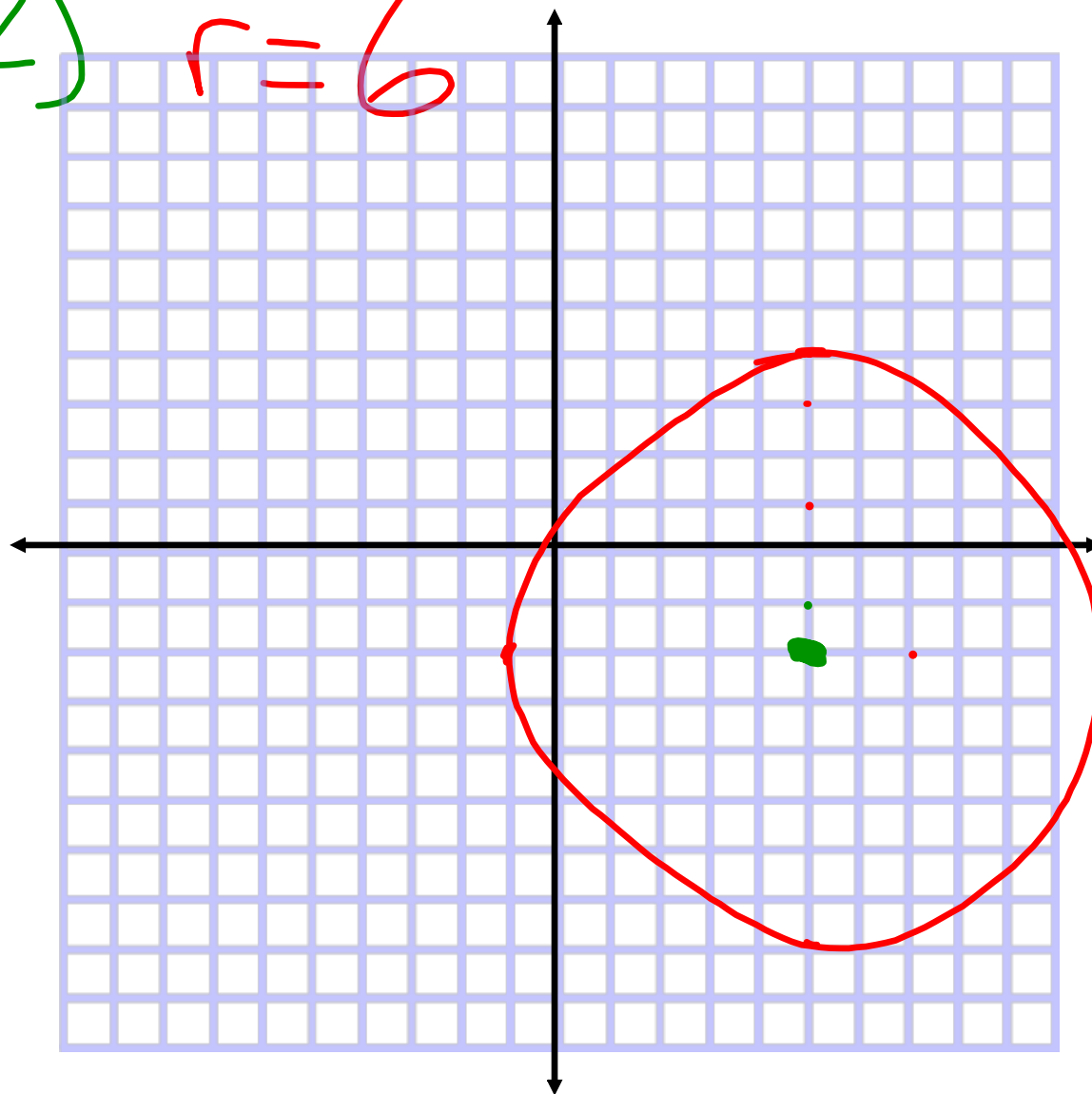
- Standard Form of a Circle

$$(x - h)^2 + (y - k)^2 = r^2$$

Where  $(h, k)$  is the coordinate for the center of the circle, and  $r$  is the radius of the circle.

Example:  $(x - 5)^2 + (y + 2)^2 = 36$

$(5, -2)$   $r = 6$

$(5, -2)$  $r = 6$ 

The equation of a circle is given below.

$$(x - 13.4)^2 + (y + 2.6)^2 = 100$$

What is its center?

$$(13.4, -2.6)$$

What is its radius?

If necessary, round your answer to two decimal places.

$$10 \text{ units}$$

$$10 \cdot 10 = 100$$

The equation of a circle is given below.

$$(x - 20)^2 + (y - 0.05)^2 = 81$$

What is its center?

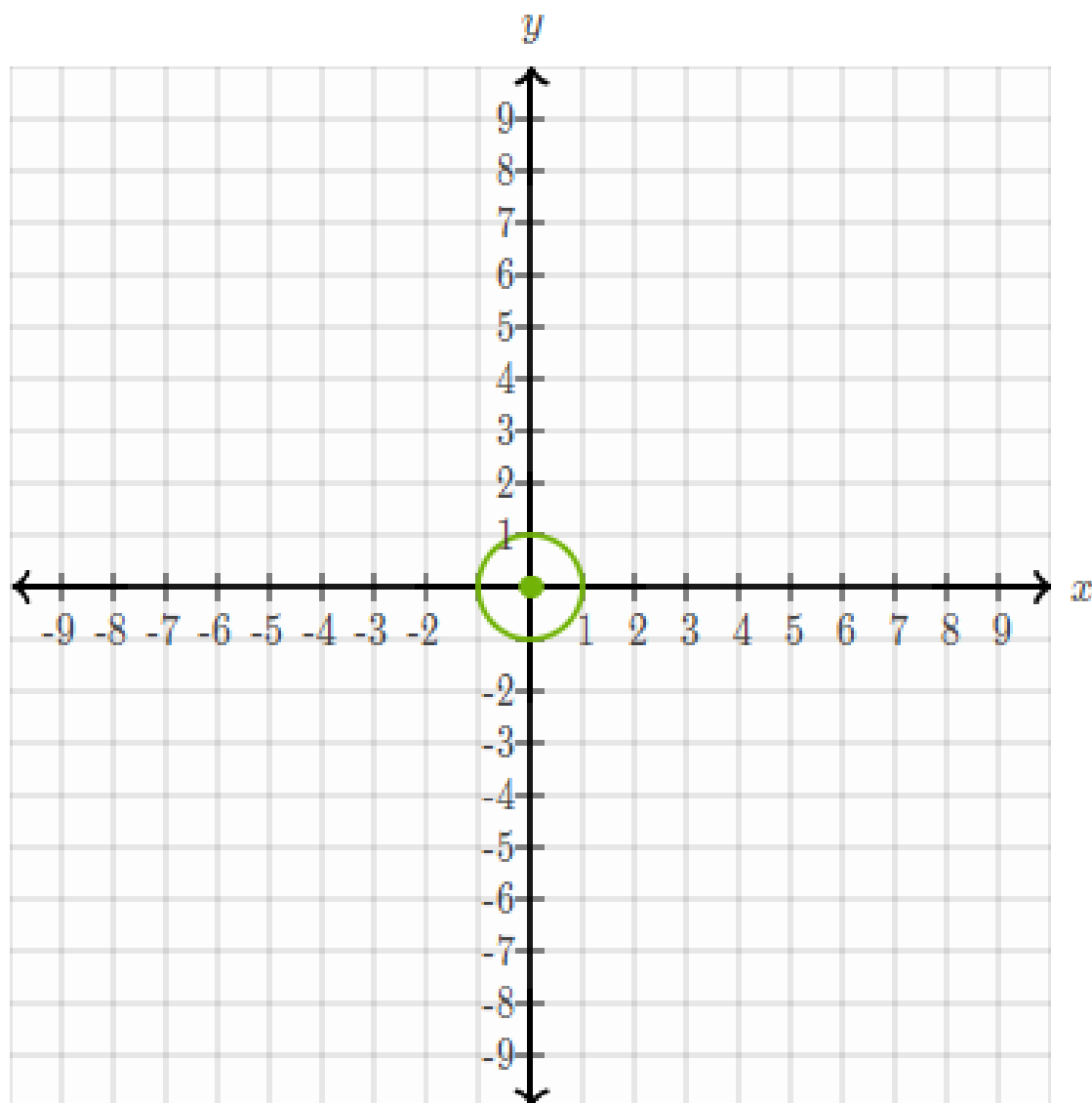
(  ,  )

What is its radius?

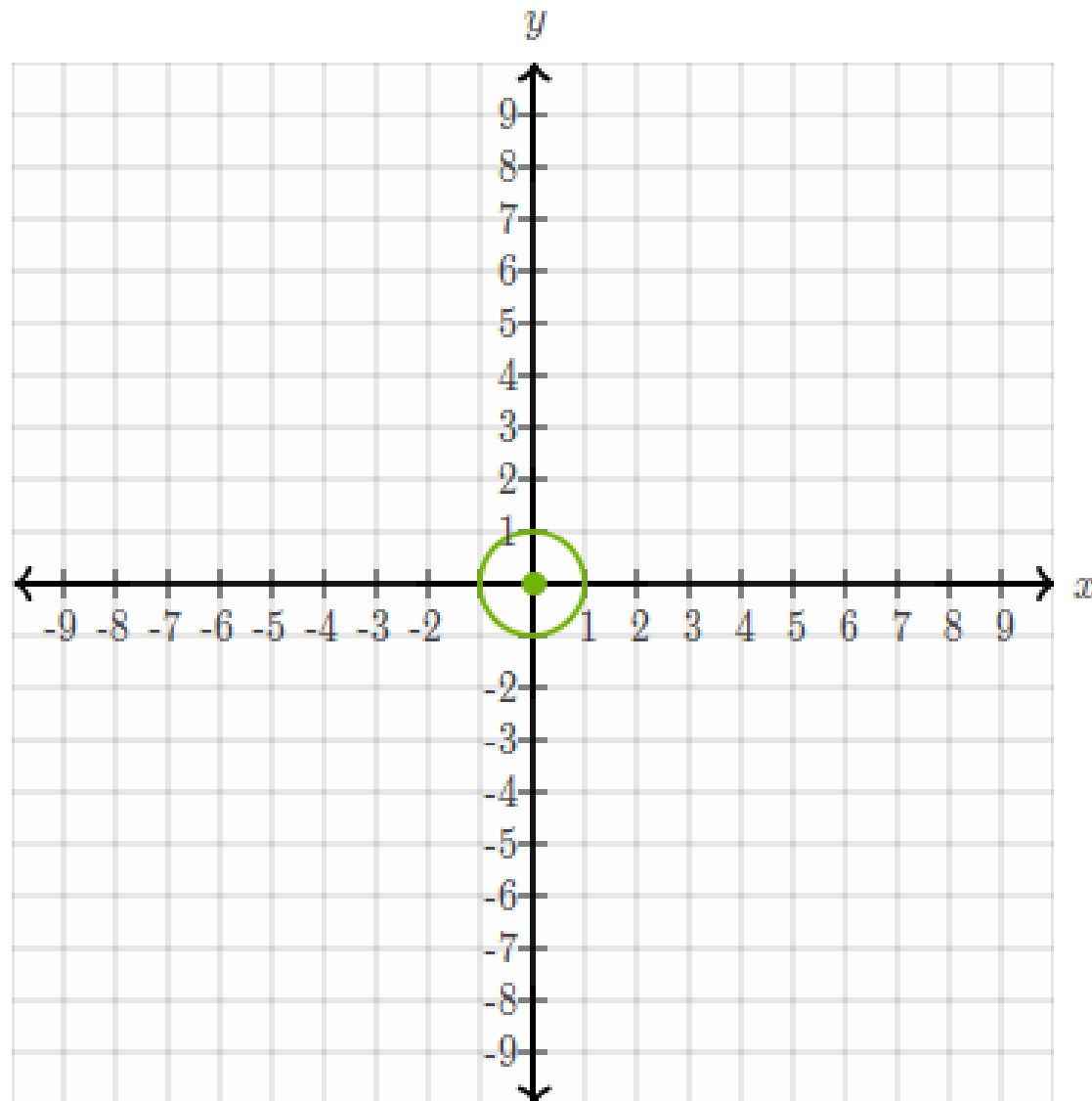
If necessary, round your answer to two decimal places.

units

Graph the circle  $(x + 7)^2 + (y - 5)^2 = 4$ .



Graph the circle  $(x - 1)^2 + (y - 8)^2 = 4$ .



# Writing Equations of a Circle in Standard Form

A circle has a radius of  $\sqrt{13}$  units and is centered at  $(-9.3, 4.1)$ .

Write the equation of this circle.

BOX

$$(x + 9.3)^2 + (y - 4.1)^2 = 13$$

$$r = \sqrt{13}$$

$$r^2 = 13$$

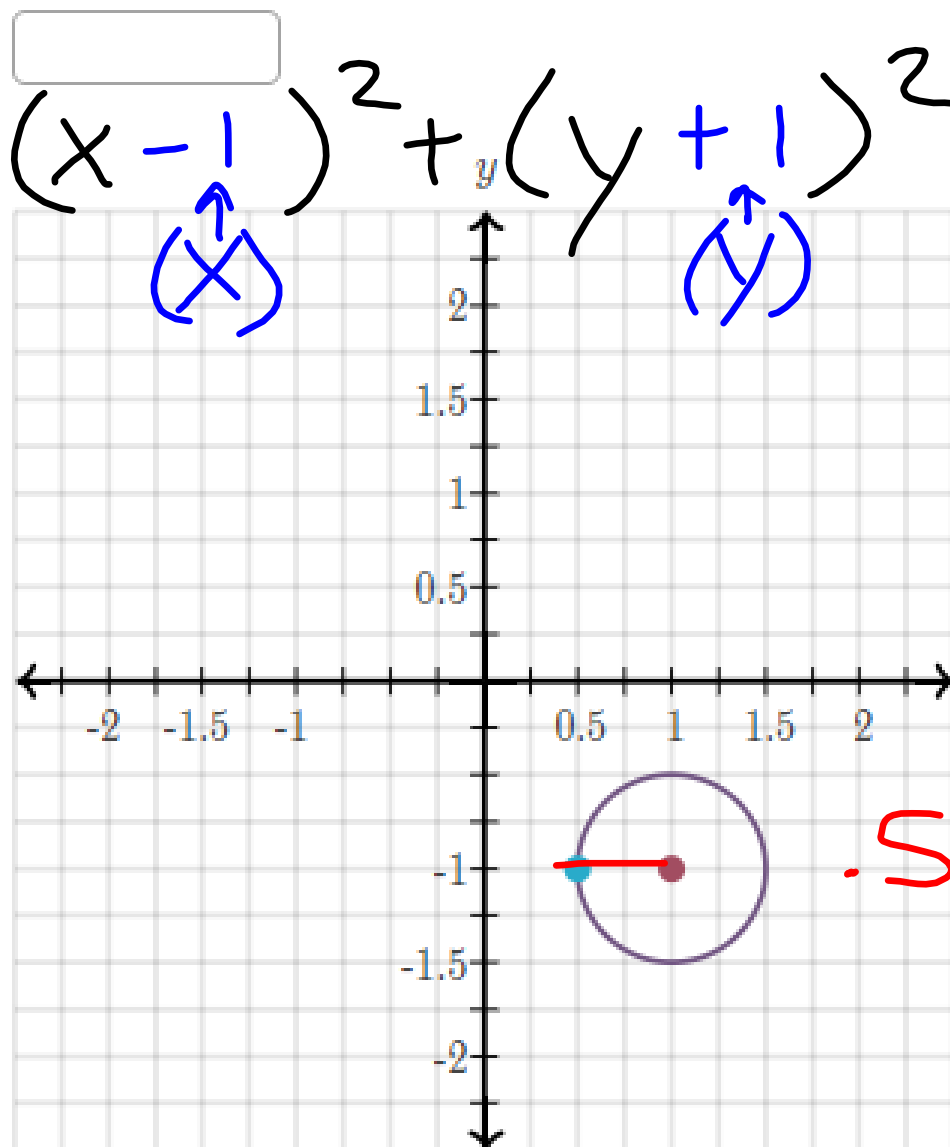


A circle has a radius of  $\frac{5}{3}$  units and is centered at  $(9.2, -7.4)$ .

Write the equation of this circle.

$$(x - 9.2)^2 + (y + 7.4)^2 = \frac{25}{9}$$

Write the equation of the circle graphed below.



$$(x - 1)^2 + (y + 1)^2 = 0.25$$

Handwritten annotations: Blue arrows point from the center (1, -1) to the values 1 and -1 in the equation. A blue arrow points from the radius 0.5 to the value 0.25 in the equation. A red arrow points from the radius 0.5 to the value 0.25 in the equation.

$$C(1, -1)$$

$$0.5 \times 0.5$$

A circle has a radius of  $\frac{5}{3}$  units and is centered at  $(9.2, -7.4)$ .

Write the equation of this circle.

# Circles in Expanded form and Completing the Square

## HALF and SQUARE

 $\frac{1}{2}$  $\uparrow^2$

# Equations of a Circle in Expanded Form & Completing the Square

What is the missing constant term in the perfect square that starts with  $x^2 + 10x$ ?

$$x^2 + 10x + 25$$

What is the missing constant term in the perfect square that starts with  $x^2 - 16x$ ?

$$x^2 - 16x + 64$$

$8^2$        $8^2$  ↗

A certain circle can be represented by the following equation.


$$x^2 + y^2 + 10x + 12y + 25 = 0$$

What is the center of this circle?

(  ,  )

What is the radius of this circle?

units

$$\underline{x^2} + \underline{y^2} + \underline{10x} + \underline{12y} + \underline{25} = 0$$


$$x^2 + 10x + 25 \quad y^2 + 12y + 36$$
$$(x + 5)^2 + (y + 6)^2$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -25 \\ +25 \\ +36 \\ \hline 36 \end{array}$$

$$(-5, -6) \quad r = 6$$

A certain circle can be represented by the following equation.

$$\underline{x^2} + \underline{y^2} + \underline{12x} + \underline{4y} + 15 = 0$$

What is the center of this circle?

(  ,  )

What is the radius of this circle?

units

$$\begin{array}{l} x^2 + 12x + 36 \quad y^2 + 4y + 4 \\ \downarrow \\ (x + 6)^2 \quad (y + 2)^2 \end{array}$$

$$(-6, -2)$$

$$r = 5$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -15 \\ +36 \\ +4 \\ \hline \sqrt{25} \end{array}$$



A certain circle can be represented by the following equation.

$$\underline{x^2} + \underline{y^2} + \underline{6y} - 72 = 0$$

What is the center of this circle?

(  ,  )

What is the radius of this circle?

units

$$y^2 + 6y + 9$$
$$(y + 3)^2$$

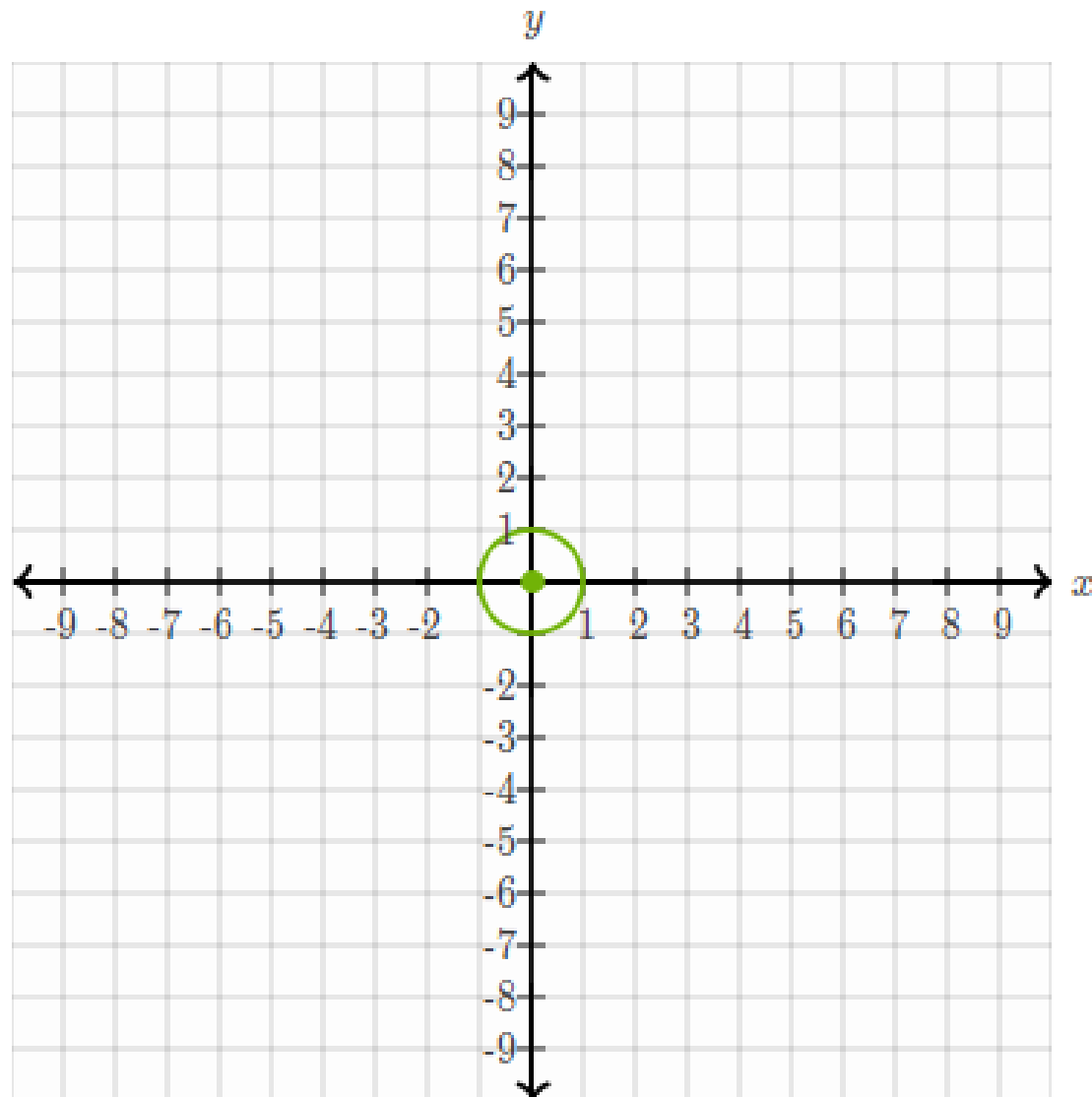
$$\begin{array}{r} 72 \\ + 9 \\ \hline \sqrt{81} \end{array}$$

$$\underline{x^2} + \underline{y^2} - \underline{2x} - \underline{10y} + 17 = 0$$

$x^2 - 2x + 1$	$y^2 - 10y + 25$	Radius
$(x-1)^2$	$(y-5)^2$	-17
		+1
		+25
		<hr/>
		$\sqrt{9}$

center (1, 5) radius = 3

Graph the circle  $x^2 + y^2 + 2x + 4y - 44 = 0$ .



## Skills You Should Be Working on:

1. Features of a circle from its standard equation
2. Graph a circle from its standard equation
3. Write standard equation of a circle
4. Features of a circle from its expanded equation
5. Graph a circle from its expanded equation

